tank by direct impingement, jet deflection, or splashing to allow the tank vessel to pass the inspections under §157.140. The following areas in each tank must not be shielded from direct impingement by large primary structural members or any other structural member determined to be equivalent to a large primary structural member by the Commandant when reviewing the plans submitted under §157.100 or §157.102:

- (1) 90 percent or more of the total horizontal area of the:
 - (i) Tank bottom:
- (ii) Upper surfaces of large primary structural members; and
- (iii) Upper surfaces of any other structural member determined to be equivalent to a large primary structural member by the Commandant.
- (2) 85 percent or more of the total vertical area of the tank sides and swash bulkheads.
- (f) Each cargo tank on a vessel having a COW system under §157.10a(a)(2) or §157.10c(b)(2) with complicated internal structural members does not have to meet paragraph (e) of this section if the following areas of each cargo tank are washed by direct impingement and the tank vessel can pass the inspections under §157.140:
- (1) 90 percent or more of the total horizontal area of all the:
 - (i) Tank bottoms;
- (ii) Upper surfaces of large primary structural members; and
- (iii) Upper surfaces of any other structural member determined to be equivalent to a large primary structural member by the Commandant.
- (2) 85 percent or more of the total vertical area of all the tank sides and swash bulkheads.
- (g) Each single nozzle COW machine that is mounted to the deck must have a means located outside of the cargo tank that indicates the arc and rotation of the movement of the COW machine during COW operations.
- (h) Each multi-nozzle COW machine that is mounted to the deck must have a means located outside of the cargo tank that indicates the movement of the COW machine during COW operations.
- (i) Each COW machine mounted to or close to the bottom of a tank without

a means located outside of the cargo tank that indicates movement of the machine must not be programmable.

NOTES: 1. In the calculations to meet §157.124 (e) or (f), areas that are shielded from direct impingement by structural members other than large primary structural members or swash bulkheads can be calculated as areas being washed by direct impingement.

2. One or more types of COW machines could be used to meet §157.124 (e) or (f).

[CGD 77-058b, 45 FR 43709, June 30, 1980, as amended by CGD 82-28, 50 FR 11627, Mar. 22, 1985]

§157.126 Pumps.

- (a) Crude oil must be supplied to the COW machines by COW system pumps or cargo pumps.
- (b) The pumps under paragraph (a) of this section must be designed and arranged with sufficient capacity to meet the following:
- (1) A sufficient pressure and flow is supplied to allow the simultaneous operation of those COW machines designed to operate simultaneously.
- (2) If an eductor is used for tank stripping, enough driving fluid is provided by the pumps to allow the eductor to meet § 157.128(a).
- (c) There must be means on the tank vessel to maintain the pressure under paragraph (b) of this section when shore terminal back pressure is less than the pressure under paragraph (b) of this section.
- (d) The COW system must have two or more pumps that are capable of supplying oil to the COW machines.
- (e) The COW system must be designed to meet the requirements of this subpart with any one pump not operating.

§157.128 Stripping system.

- (a) Each tank vessel having a COW system under \$157.10(e), \$157.10a(a)(2), or \$157.10c(b)(2) must have a stripping system that is designed to remove crude oil from—
- (1) Each cargo tank at 1.25 times the rate at which all the COW machines that are designed to simultaneously wash the bottom of the tank, are operating; and
- (2) The bottom of each tank to allow the tank vessel to pass the inspection under $\S157.140(a)(2)$.